

13. How is sin defined?

"Whosoever committeth sin transgresseth also the law: for _____ is the _____ of the _____." **1 John 3:4**

14. How may we know that we love the children of God?

"By this we know that we love the children of God, when we _____ God, and _____ His _____." **1 John 5:2**

15. What is the love of God declared to be?

"For this is the _____ of _____ that we _____ His _____: and His commandments are not grievous." **1 John 5:3**

16. How is the church of the last days described?

"And the dragon was wroth with the woman, and went to make war with the remnant of her seed, which _____ the _____ of God, and have the testimony of Jesus Christ." "Here is the patience of the saints: here are they that _____ the _____ of God, and the _____ of _____."

Revelation 12:17; Revelation 14:12

How blest the children of the Lord,
Who, walking in His sight,
Make all the precepts of His Word
Their study and delight!

What precious wealth shall be their dower,
Which cannot know decay;
Which moth and rust shall ne'er devour,
Or spoiler take away.

HARRIET AUBER

The Foundation Bible Lessons

PART 8:

The Law of God

Topic: The Law of God in the New Testament

Lesson: 86

Part A

Volume: 8



MISSION STATEMENT

Foundation Progressive Sabbath Advent Ministries (FPSAM), Inc. exists to build upon the four **PILLARS** (*Mental, Physical, Spiritual and Social*) that **GUIDED** Jesus' life.

VISION

All Foundation Progressive Sabbath Advent Ministries (FPSAM), Inc. members will use the four pillars to establish and build their personal life and that of others.

SLOGAN

"Don't Accommodate Eliminate"

MOTTO

"Building on FOUR"

TEXT

"And Jesus increased in wisdom (Mental) and stature (Physical & Spiritual), and in favor with God (Spiritual) and man (Social)." **Luke 2:52**

WEBSITE

www.fpsam.org

1. By what means did the Jews know God's will?

"Behold, thou art called a Jew, and retest in the law, and makest thy boast of God, and knowest His will,... *being _____ out of the ____.*"

Romans 2:17-18

2. What did they have in the law?

"Which hast *the _____ of _____ and of the _____* in the law."

Romans 2:20

NOTE: The written law presents the **form of knowledge** and of the **truth**. Grace and truth, or grace and the reality or realization of that which the written law demands, came by Jesus Christ. **He was the law in life and action.**

3. What did Jesus say of His attitude toward the law?

"Think not that I am come to destroy the law, or the prophets: *I am not _____ to _____, but to _____.*" **Matthew 5:17**

NOTE: By the expression "**the law**" here is meant the five books of Moses; and by "**the prophets**," the writings of the prophets. Christ did not come to set aside or to destroy either of these, but to fulfil both. The ceremonialism of types and shadows contained in the books written by Moses He fulfilled by meeting them as their **great Antitype**. The **moral law**, the great basic fabric underlying all of Moses' writings Christ fulfilled by a life of perfect obedience to all its requirements. The prophets He fulfilled in His advent as the Messiah, Prophet, Teacher, and Saviour foretold by them.

4. What did He teach concerning the stability of the law?

"For verily I say unto you, Till heaven and earth pass, one jot or one tittle shall in _____ wise pass from the _____, till all be _____."

Matthew 5:18

5. In what instruction did He emphasize the importance of keeping the law?

"Whosoever therefore shall break one of these least _____, and shall teach men so, he shall be called the least in the kingdom of heaven: but whosoever shall do and _____ them, the same shall be called great in the kingdom of heaven." **Matthew 5:19**

6. What did Christ tell the rich young man to do in order to enter into life?

"If thou wilt enter into life, _____ the _____." **Matthew 19:17**

7. When asked which commandments, what did Jesus say?

"Jesus said, Thou shalt do no _____, Thou shalt not commit _____, Thou shalt not _____, Thou shalt not bear _____, Honor thy father and thy mother: and, Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself." **Matthew 19:18-19**

NOTE: While not quoting all of the ten commandments, Jesus quoted sufficient of them to show that He referred to the moral law. In quoting the second great commandment He called attention to the great principle underlying the second table of the law, love to one's neighbor, which the rich young man, in his covetousness, was not keeping.

8. Does faith render the law void?

"Do we then make void the law through faith? *God _____: yea, we _____ the _____.*" **Romans 3:31**

9. How is the law fulfilled?

"Owe no man anything, but to love one another: *for _____ that _____ another hath _____ the _____.* For this, Thou shalt not commit adultery, Thou shalt not kill, Thou shalt not steal, Thou shalt not bear false witness, Thou shalt not covet; and if there be any other commandment [touching our duty to our fellow men], it is briefly comprehended in this saying, namely, Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself. Love worketh no ill to his neighbor: therefore _____ is the _____ of the _____." **Romans 13:8-10**

10. What is of more importance than any outward ceremony?

"Circumcision is nothing, and uncircumcision is nothing, but *the _____ of the _____ of _____.*" **1 Corinthians 7:19**

11. What kind of mind is not subject to the law of God?

"Because *the _____ mind* is enmity against God: for it is not subject to the law of God, neither indeed can be." **Romans 8:7**

12. What proves that the law is an undivided whole?

"*For whosoever shall _____ the whole _____, and yet _____ in _____, he is _____ of _____.* For He that said [margin, *that law which said*], Do not commit adultery, said also, Do not kill. Now if thou commit no adultery, yet if thou kill, thou art become a transgressor of the law. So speak ye, and so do, as they that shall be judged by the law of liberty."

James 2:10-12.